- (5) Reviewing medical, educational, or other records.
- (c) Procedures for assessment of the child and family. (1) An assessment of each infant or toddler with a disability must be conducted by qualified personnel in order to identify the child's unique strengths and needs and the early intervention services appropriate to meet those needs. The assessment of the child must include the following—
- (i) A review of the results of the evaluation conducted under paragraph (b) of this section;
- (ii) Personal observations of the child: and
- (iii) The identification of the child's needs in each of the developmental areas in §303.21(a)(1).
- (2) A family-directed assessment must be conducted by qualified personnel in order to identify the family's resources, priorities, and concerns and the supports and services necessary to enhance the family's capacity to meet the developmental needs of the family's infant or toddler with a disability. The family-directed assessment must—
- (i) Be voluntary on the part of each family member participating in the assessment:
- (ii) Be based on information obtained through an assessment tool and also through an interview with those family members who elect to participate in the assessment; and
- (iii) Include the family's description of its resources, priorities, and concerns related to enhancing the child's development.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(3), 1435(a)(5), 1436(a)(1)-(2))

§ 303.322 Determination that a child is not eligible.

If, based on the evaluation conducted under §303.321, the lead agency determines that a child is not eligible under this part, the lead agency must provide the parent with prior written notice required in §303.421, and include in the notice information about the parent's right to dispute the eligibility determination through dispute resolution mechanisms under §303.430, such as requesting a due process hearing or mediation or filing a State complaint.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1439(a)(6))

INDIVIDUALIZED FAMILY SERVICE PLAN (IFSP)

§ 303.340 Individualized family service plan—general.

For each infant or toddler with a disability, the lead agency must ensure the development, review, and implementation of an individualized family service plan or IFSP developed by a multidisciplinary team, which includes the parent, that—

- (a) Is consistent with the definition of that term in §303.20; and
- (b) Meets the requirements in §§ 303.342 through 303.346 of this subpart.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1435(a)(4), 1436)

§303.341 [Reserved]

\$303.342 Procedures for IFSP development, review, and evaluation.

- (a) Meeting to develop initial IFSP—timelines. For a child referred to the part C program and determined to be eligible under this part as an infant or toddler with a disability, a meeting to develop the initial IFSP must be conducted within the 45-day time period described in § 303.310.
- (b) Periodic review. (1) A review of the IFSP for a child and the child's family must be conducted every six months, or more frequently if conditions warrant, or if the family requests such a review. The purpose of the periodic review is to determine—
- (i) The degree to which progress toward achieving the results or outcomes identified in the IFSP is being made; and
- (ii) Whether modification or revision of the results, outcomes, or early intervention services identified in the IFSP is necessary.
- (2) The review may be carried out by a meeting or by another means that is acceptable to the parents and other participants.
- (c) Annual meeting to evaluate the IFSP. A meeting must be conducted on at least an annual basis to evaluate and revise, as appropriate, the IFSP for a child and the child's family. The results of any current evaluations and other information available from the assessments of the child and family conducted under §303.321 must be used